



九十三學年度技術校院四年制與專科學校二年制 統一入學測驗試題

准考證號碼：□□□□□□□□

(請考生自行填寫)

共同科目

英文

【注意事項】

1. 請先核對考試科目與報考類別是否相符。
2. 本試題共 50 題，每題 2 分，共 100 分，請依題號順序作答。
3. 本試題均為單一選擇題，每題都有 (A)、(B)、(C)、(D) 四個選項，請選出一個最適當的答案，然後在答案卡上同一題號相對位置方格內，用 2B 鉛筆全部塗黑。答錯不倒扣。
4. 本試題紙空白處或背面，可做草稿使用。
5. 請在試題首頁准考證號碼之方格內，填上自己的准考證號碼，考完後將「答案卡」及「試題」一併繳回。

I、字彙題：第 1 - 8 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字或片語，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字或片語意義最接近的答案。第 9 - 15 題，請選擇一個最適當的答案，以完成該句。

1. For centuries, dogs are believed to be the best company to human beings.
(A) friend (B) animal (C) enemy (D) keeper
2. If you ask students why they are late for class, their excuses will be very different.
(A) views (B) rights (C) reasons (D) voices
3. Small vocabulary size usually prevents readers from fully understanding the text they read.
(A) closes (B) designs (C) stops (D) throws
4. In a traditional Chinese family, children have to give back to their family in return for the previous support.
(A) little (B) curious (C) main (D) former
5. The summer in Taiwan is humid; the large quantity of water in the air makes it feel even hotter and more uncomfortable.
(A) clear (B) high (C) long (D) wet
6. The benefits of vitamins and minerals are emphasized because they play an important role in maintaining good health.
(A) helping (B) keeping (C) predicting (D) starting
7. I usually have a busy schedule, but once in a while I spend a few days in the mountains.
(A) always (B) later (C) early (D) sometimes
8. Lung cancer, one of the major killers in Taiwan, has long been associated with air pollution and smoking.
(A) dealt with (B) grown into (C) related to (D) treated by
9. Customers may pay _____ or use a credit card in major department stores.
(A) cash (B) change (C) tape (D) total
10. Writing is a very useful _____ for students. In the future, they can use it at different workplaces.
(A) belief (B) culture (C) skill (D) feature
11. The problem was so difficult that most students could not _____ it.
(A) add (B) open (C) solve (D) create

12. When in danger, most parents will do what they can to _____ their children from harm.
 (A) help (B) protect (C) provide (D) handle
13. The British are the biggest _____ of chocolate; each person, on average, eats nearly 10 kilograms per year.
 (A) producers (B) growers (C) managers (D) consumers
14. Office workers _____ from back problems because they tend to sit still for long periods of time.
 (A) suffer (B) learn (C) move (D) transfer
15. The victim of the plane crash stayed _____ for two weeks, and then died last night.
 (A) alive (B) central (C) obvious (D) rough

II、對話題：第 16 - 25 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適當的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

16. Waiter : Are you ready to order?
 Mr. Li : Not quite yet.
 Waiter : Oh, _____, sir.
 (A) I forgot to bring the check (B) please come again
 (C) take your time (D) the seat is taken
17. Jerome : Do you play the guitar?
 Anthony : Of course.
 Jerome : _____
 Anthony : Sure. I'd love to.
 (A) Can you show me how to play it? (B) How long have you been playing?
 (C) How do you like it? (D) Do you play it often?
18. Andy : You don't look well. What's the matter?
 Maria : _____
 Andy : Seems to me you need a good rest.
 (A) It doesn't matter to me. (B) Are you interested in it?
 (C) I've got an awful headache. (D) Is it serious?
19. Waitress : Would you like anything else?
 Norman : Chocolate cake, please.
 Waitress : O.K. _____
 (A) I hate chocolate cake. (B) I'll be right back.
 (C) I'm afraid I can't. (D) I like ice cream.

20. Allen : I'm leaving for Tokyo next Monday.
Eric : Next Monday? How long do you plan to stay there?
Allen : _____
(A) Any time. (B) Since I left.
(C) I've just arrived. (D) For a couple of weeks.
21. Bob : Stop! We can't cross the street here.
Tom : _____
Bob : We may get hit by a car.
Tom : Well, it doesn't look dangerous to me at all.
(A) Why not? (B) That's right.
(C) How's the traffic? (D) We've got to go.
22. Mary : I've got great news. _____
Judy : Well, what is it?
Mary : I have a week's vacation next month, and I'm so excited!
Judy : Do you? That's wonderful.
(A) This isn't fair at all. (B) You won't believe it.
(C) The store is having a big sale. (D) John is having a party Friday night.
23. Bill : This weather is really terrible, isn't it?
Karen : I'll say. The bus always seems to come late on rainy mornings.
Bill : _____ It sure does.
(A) You did. (B) You bet.
(C) I can't do it. (D) I'm afraid not.
24. (On the phone)
Eunice : Hello, my watch isn't working.
Clerk : What's wrong with it?
Eunice : It just stopped. Can you fix it?
Clerk : Well, _____. I'll have a look at it.
(A) it looks good (B) get a new one
(C) it doesn't seem real (D) just bring it in
25. Jean : Do you often eat out?
Eva : Only when I can get a babysitter.
Jean : I know. _____
Eva : You can say that again!
(A) It's not easy with children. (B) It's too late to eat out now.
(C) The restaurant wasn't quite good. (D) The babysitter was out for dinner.

III、綜合測驗：下面兩篇短文共有 15 個空格，為第 26 - 40 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Halloween is a very special holiday. It always falls _____ 26 _____ the last day of October. Originally it came from a Catholic holiday to honor all saints, _____ 27 _____ the holiday customs are of non-Catholic origin. Today in the United States, Halloween is a _____ 28 _____ holiday for children and grown-ups. Children dress up in _____ 29 _____ and go from door to door “trick-or-treating.” Grown-ups give them a treat of candy, cookies, or money. _____ 30 _____ the children don’t get a treat, they will sometimes play a trick on you. On this day _____ 31 _____ is not unusual to see children dressed like witches, black cats, devils, and skeletons. _____ 32 _____ custom is to hollow out a pumpkin and make a jack-o’-lantern. The jack-o’-lantern is then placed in the window with a candle inside. Children and grown-ups alike go to parties on this holiday.

26. (A) in (B) on (C) at (D) with
 27. (A) or (B) so (C) but (D) for
 28. (A) fun (B) tiny (C) silly (D) dark
 29. (A) hats (B) shoes (C) watches (D) costumes
 30. (A) If (B) And (C) Unless (D) Although
 31. (A) it (B) this (C) that (D) there
 32. (A) A (B) The (C) Other (D) Another

New Zealand and Australia are often referred to as the “land down under.” The name grew _____ 33 _____ the idea that these two countries are opposite or below Europe on the globe. While New Zealand and Australia are often linked, they are individual _____ 34 _____.

New Zealand has its unique landscape; it is _____ 35 _____ of two main islands, North Island and South Island. One of the most unusual and beautiful areas of New Zealand _____ 36 _____ the volcanic region around Lake Taupo on North Island. There you will see boiling springs, small lakes with beds of _____ 37 _____ colored rocks and waterfalls. In addition, dairy farming is most important to the country’s economy, and the New Zealanders eat more meat and butter than people _____ 38 _____ else in the world. They also sell huge _____ 39 _____ of dairy products to other countries. Many of the customs in New Zealand would be familiar to travelers from England and _____ 40 _____ because New Zealand was settled by British settlers hundreds of years ago.

33. (A) on (B) off (C) out of (D) over with
 34. (A) companies (B) combinations (C) counters (D) countries
 35. (A) made up (B) thrown into (C) put off (D) sold out

36. (A) have (B) is (C) has (D) are
37. (A) bright (B) brightness (C) brighten (D) brightly
38. (A) anyway (B) anywhere (C) anyhow (D) anyone
39. (A) farms (B) origins (C) amounts (D) peoples
40. (A) China (B) America (C) Korea (D) Japan

IV、閱讀測驗：下面兩篇短文，每篇各有 5 題，為第 41 - 50 題，請閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

Starting from 1989, World Vision Taiwan 30-Hour Famine has been helping people **victimized** by man-made conflicts and disasters. Through its network in 92 countries, World Vision delivers timely emergency goods and rebuilds the communities side by side with the people.

World Vision Taiwan 30-Hour Famine is simple to join. You may choose to skip a meal or save the unnecessary spending to make a donation; to contribute your support for Online Love and Hope at island-wide 7-Eleven stores; or to invite your friends and family to do the Famine together. The 30-Hour Famine is an event of creativity and inspiration!

As an example, the aim of 2002 World Vision Taiwan was to raise NT\$100 million, of which 40 million was for domestic relief projects such as Love Your Neighbor and Community-based Disaster Preparedness, and 60 million for 18 international relief projects assisting 3.6 million people in 13 countries.

The 30-Hour Famine is ongoing. Be sure that you don't miss it this year!

41. The passage was written mainly to ask people to _____.
- (A) join the 30-Hour Famine
(B) deliver emergency goods
(C) start man-made conflicts
(D) become more creative
42. Which of the following is **NOT** recommended in the passage for people to show their support for the 30-Hour Famine?
- (A) Skip a meal.
(B) Make a donation to the Famine.
(C) Join the Famine with friends.
(D) Develop relief projects.

43. According to the passage, which of the following is true about World Vision Taiwan?
- (A) It has been in operation for over 30 years.
 - (B) It is part of an international organization.
 - (C) It aims to help only the needy people in Taiwan.
 - (D) It encourages only one member in each family to join the Famine.
44. In 2002, World Vision Taiwan spent 60% of the raised money on _____.
- (A) Love Your Neighbor Project
 - (B) Online Love and Hope Project
 - (C) international relief projects
 - (D) 30-Hour Famine
45. The word **victimized** in line 1 most likely means “_____.”
- (A) born with eye problems
 - (B) made to suffer unfairly
 - (C) dying from cancer
 - (D) tired from overwork

Nuclear power stations are massive and complex structures. They are designed to **withstand** earthquakes and violent storms. They include many special safety devices and systems that help to protect the **plant**, the people working in it and the public, even in the event of a serious accident. However, in spite of the preventive measures, accidents have occurred, for instance, at Three Mile Island in the USA and at Chernobyl in the former USSR. These accidents have raised questions in the minds of many people about the use of nuclear energy to produce electricity.

Therefore, some years ago scientists started to consider an alternative source of electrical energy—sunlight. Using sunlight as a source of energy offers considerable advantages. Light from the sun is practically inexhaustible; in other words, sunlight cannot be used up. It is available everywhere. Besides, changing sunlight into electrical energy does not demand fuel such as coal or oil. The system of converting solar energy into electrical energy would do very little damage to the environment.

46. If a building **withstands** an earthquake, it is left _____ by the earthquake.
- (A) damaged
 - (B) broken
 - (C) unharmed
 - (D) eaten

【背面尚有試題】

47. The word **plant** in the first paragraph refers to the _____.
- (A) nuclear power station
 - (B) violent storm
 - (C) preventive measure
 - (D) safety device
48. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
- (A) Accidents had never happened to nuclear power stations.
 - (B) A terrible accident happened at Chernobyl nuclear power station.
 - (C) Earthquakes and storms occurred at Three Mile Island and Chernobyl.
 - (D) No safety devices were available at Three Mile Island nuclear power station.
49. Which of the following is **NOT** true according to the passage?
- (A) The supply of sunlight is limitless.
 - (B) Using sunlight as a source of energy can benefit mankind.
 - (C) Solar energy makes great use of fuel such as coal and natural gas.
 - (D) Changing sunlight into electrical energy would do little harm to the environment.
50. The second paragraph is mainly about _____.
- (A) nuclear power plants
 - (B) using sunlight to prevent accidents
 - (C) protecting the natural environment
 - (D) a new source of electrical energy

【以下空白】